

**R.N.G.PATEL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY-RNGPIT**  
(An Autonomous College U/s UGC Act 1956)

**B.Tech. SEMESTER-I, SEMESTER END EXAMINATION – WINTER 2025**

**SUBJECT CODE: 1SH101**

**DATE: 15-12-2025**

**SUBJECT NAME: ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS**

**TIME: 11:00 AM to 02:00 PM**

**TOTAL MARKS: 70**

**Instructions**

1. It is **compulsory** for students to write **Enrolment No. /Seat No.** on the question paper.
2. Write answers of **Section A** and **Section B** in **separate answer books**.
3. Attempt all questions from both **Section A** and **Section B**.
4. Each section carries **35 marks**, with a total of **70 marks** for the examination.
5. The figures to the right of each question indicate full marks, make suitable assumptions with justification.
6. BL - Bloom's Taxonomy Levels (R-Remember, U-Understanding, A –Application, N –Analyze, E – Evaluate, C -Create), CO - Course Outcomes.

**SECTION A**

**Marks BL CO**

**Q.1 Multiple-Choice Questions**

**[05]**

(a) If  $z = x^2 - y^2$ , then  $\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} =$  \_\_\_\_\_.

**1 A 2**

(i)  $2y$

(ii)  $0$

(iii)  $2x$

(iv)  $2z$

(b) If  $x^3 + y^3 + 3xy = 0$  is an implicit function, then  $\frac{dy}{dx} =$  \_\_\_\_\_.

**1 R 2**

(i)  $\frac{x^2 - y}{y^2 - x}$

(ii)  $\frac{x^2 + y}{y - x}$

(iii)  $-\frac{x^2 + y}{y^2 + x}$

(iv)  $-\frac{x^2 - y}{y^2 - x}$

(c) If  $L\{f(t)\} = \bar{f}(s)$ , then  $L\{e^{-at}f(t)\}$  is \_\_\_\_\_.

**1 A 4**

(i)  $\bar{f}(s-a)$

(ii)  $\bar{f}(s+a)$

(iii)  $\frac{\bar{f}(s-a)}{a}$

(iv)  $\frac{\bar{f}(s+a)}{a}$

(d)  $L^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{(s^2 + a^2)}\right\} =$  \_\_\_\_\_.

**1 A 4**

(i)  $\frac{\sin at}{a}$

(ii)  $\frac{\sinh at}{a}$

(iii)  $\cosh at$

(iv)  $\cos at$

(e) Which of the following is an odd function?

1 R 5

(i)  $\cos x$

(ii)  $e^x$

(iii)  $\sin x$

(iv)  $\pi^2 - x^3$

**Q.2 Attempt Any Two**

[10]

(a) Find the equations of the tangent plane and normal lines to the surface  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 3$  at the point (1,1,1).

5 A 2

(b) If  $u = f(x^2 - y^2, y^2 - z^2, z^2 - x^2)$ , then show that  $\frac{1}{x} \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{1}{y} \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + \frac{1}{z} \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} = 0$ .

5 A 2

(c) Find the extreme values of  $3x^2 - y^2 + x^3$ .

5 A 2

**Q.3 Attempt Any Two**

[10]

(a) Find the inverse Laplace transform of  $\frac{s+7}{s^2+8s+25}$ .

5 A 4

(b) Find the Laplace transform of  $t \cos^2 t$ .

5 A 4

(c) Solve the initial value problem Solve  $y''+4y'+8y=1$ ,  $y(0)=0$ ,  $y'(0)=1$ , using Laplace transform.

5 A 4

**Q.4 Attempt Any Two**

[10]

(a) Find the half-range cosine series of  $f(x) = e^{-x}$  in the interval  $(0, \pi)$ .

5 A 5

(b) Find the Fourier series of  $f(x) = x$  in the interval  $(-\pi, \pi)$ .

5 A 5

(c) Find the Fourier cosine integral of  $f(x) = \frac{\pi}{2} e^{-x}$ , where  $x \geq 0$ .

5 A 5

## SECTION B

Marks BL CO

### Q.5 Multiple-Choice Questions

[05]

(a) The rank of a matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$  is \_\_\_\_\_ .

1 U 1

(i) 0

(ii) 1

(iii) 2

(iv) none of these

(b) The eigen value of the matrix is  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 4 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$  is \_\_\_\_\_ .

1 U 1

(i) 1,1,1

(ii) 1,2,1

(iii) 1,2,2

(iv) 1,2,3

(c) The order and degree of  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^2 + 1 = 0$  is \_\_\_\_\_ .

1 U 3

(i) 2,2

(ii) 2,1

(iii) 1,2

(iv) 2,3

(d) The equation  $M(x, y)dx + N(x, y)dy = 0$  is exact if \_\_\_\_\_ .

1 R 3

(i)  $\frac{\partial M}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial N}{\partial y}$

(ii)  $\frac{\partial M}{\partial x} = -\frac{\partial N}{\partial y}$

(iii)  $\frac{\partial M}{\partial y} = -\frac{\partial N}{\partial x}$

(iv)  $\frac{\partial M}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial N}{\partial x}$

(e) The Wronskian of  $y_1 = \cos x, y_2 = \sin x$  is \_\_\_\_\_ .

1 U 3

(i) -1

(ii) 1

(iii) 2

(iv) 0

### Q.6 Attempt Any Two

[10]

(a) Reduce the matrix into row echelon form  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & -1 \\ -2 & -1 & -3 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$  and hence it's

5 A 1

rank.

- (b) Solve the following system of equations by Gauss Jordan method : 5    A    1
- $$3x + 6y - 3z = -2$$
- $$6x + 6y + 3z = 5$$
- $$-2y + 3z = 1$$

- (c) Find the eigen values and eigen vectors of the matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ . 5    A    1

**Q.7 Attempt Any Two** [10]

- (a) Form the differential equation by eliminating arbitrary constants from  $y = a \cos x + b \sin x$ . 5    A    3
- (b) Solve  $(\cos x - x \cos y) dy - (\sin y + y \sin x) dx = 0$ . 5    A    3
- (c) Solve  $\frac{dy}{dx} + y = x$ . 5    A    3

**Q.8 Attempt Any Two** [10]

- (a) Solve  $(D^4 - 2D^3 + D^2)y = 0$ . 5    A    3
- (b) Using the method of variation of parameters solve  $y'' + 9y = \sec 3x$ . 5    A    3
- (c) Using the method of undetermined coefficients, solve the equations  $y'' - 5y' + 6y = 3e^{-2x}$ . 5    A    3

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