

R.N.G.PATEL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY-RNGPIT
(An Autonomous Institute U/s UGC Act 1956)

IMBA SEMESTER-II, SEMESTER END EXAMINATION – WINTER 2025

SUBJECT CODE: 1BB0201

DATE: 09-01-2026

SUBJECT NAME: MACROECONOMICS

TIME: 11:00 AM to 01:30 PM

TOTAL MARKS: 70

Instructions

1. It is **compulsory** for students to write **Enrolment No. /Seat No.** on the question paper.
2. Write answers of **Section A** and **Section B** in **separate answer books**.
3. Attempt all questions from both **Section A** and **Section B**.
4. Each section carries **35 marks**, with a total of **70 marks** for the examination.
5. The figures to the right of each question indicate full marks, make suitable assumptions with justification.
6. BL - Bloom's Taxonomy Levels (R-Remember, U-Understanding, A –Application, N –Analyze, E – Evaluate, C -Create), CO - Course Outcomes.

SECTION A

	Marks	BL	CO
Q.1 Multiple-Choice Questions	[05]		
(a) Macroeconomics mainly deals with	1	R	1
(i) Individual consumer behavior			
(ii) Aggregate economic variables			
(iii) Pricing of a single product			
(iv) Firm-level decision making			
(b) Which of the following is NOT a macroeconomic goal?	1	R	1
(i) Economic growth			
(ii) Profit maximization			
(iii) Full employment			
(iv) Price stability			
(c) Classical theory assumes	1	U	2
(i) Involuntary unemployment			
(ii) Supply creates its own demand			
(iii) Demand creates supply			
(iv) Government intervention			
(d) Effective demand is determined by	1	U	2
(i) Aggregate supply only			
(ii) Consumption only			
(iii) Aggregate demand and supply			
(iv) Savings only			
(e) Cyclical unemployment occurs due to	1	R	2
(i) Seasonal factors			
(ii) Structural changes			
(iii) Economic downturns			
(iv) Job search delays			
Q.2 Attempt Any Two	[10]		
(a) Explain the difference between microeconomics and macroeconomics.	5	R	1
(b) Elaborate the concept of personal income and disposable income.	5	U	1

(c) Define GDP. Also explain any three importance of GDP. 5 A 1

Q.3 Attempt Any Two [10]

(a) Distinguish between structural and cyclical unemployment. 5 R 2

(b) Explain aggregate supply with appropriate example. 5 U 2

(c) Discuss say's Law of markets. 5 A 2

Q.4 Attempt Any Two [10]

(a) Explain the income method of national income calculation. 5 U 1

(b) Discuss the multiplier effect with an example. 5 A 2

(c) Explain Keynesian concept of effective demand. 5 R 2

SECTION B

Marks BL CO

Q.5 Multiple-Choice Questions

[05]

(a) Which of the following is NOT a function of money?

1 R 4

(i) Medium of exchange

(ii) Store of value

(iii) Measure of national income

(iv) Unit of account

(b) Which of the following is a tool of monetary policy?

1 U 4

(i) Taxation

(ii) Government expenditure

(iii) Open market operations

(iv) Subsidy

(c) Fiscal policy mainly deals with:

1 U 5

(i) Money supply

(ii) Interest rate

(iii) Government revenue and expenditure

(iv) Foreign exchange

(d) Which exchange rate system is determined by market forces?

1 U 5

(i) Fixed exchange rate

(ii) Flexible exchange rate

(iii) Managed exchange rate

(iv) Pegged exchange rate

(e) Imposition of tax on imported goods is known as:

1 R 5

(i) Quota

(ii) Subsidy

(iii) Tariff

(iv) Embargo

Q.6 Attempt Any Two

[10]

(a) Define money and state any two functions of money.

5 R 4

(b) What is meant by fiat money?

5 U 4

(c) List any two functions of the Reserve Bank of India.

5 R 4

Q.7 Attempt Any Two

[10]

(a) What is monetary policy?

5 U 4

(b) What is inflation?

5 R 4

(c) What is fiscal policy?

5 U 5

Q.8 Attempt Any Two

[10]

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|--|---|---|---|
| (a) Discuss budget deficit and its implications. | 5 | E | 5 |
| (b) Explain the structure of Balance of Payments. | 5 | E | 5 |
| (c) Evaluate the role of international trade in economic growth. | 5 | E | 5 |
